

Q1 Please provide the best dicamba contact for your state.

Answered: 21 Skipped: 0

ANSWER CHOICES	RESPONSES	
Name	100.00%	21
Agency	95.24%	20
Address	0.00%	0
Address 2	0.00%	0
City/Town	0.00%	0
State/Province	100.00%	21
ZIP/Postal Code	0.00%	0
Country	0.00%	0
Email Address	100.00%	21
Phone Number	100.00%	21

#	NAME	DATE
1	Doug Owens	9/8/2020 9:15 AM
2	Alyssa Foss	9/4/2020 1:10 PM
3	Joshua Stamper	9/4/2020 12:29 PM
4	Jenny Wren	9/3/2020 4:28 PM
5	DAVID SCOTT	9/3/2020 10:17 AM
6	Ryan King	9/2/2020 3:22 PM
7	Liza Fleeson Trossbach	9/1/2020 4:11 PM
8	Patrick Jones	8/31/2020 12:09 PM
9	Damardray Williams	8/31/2020 11:24 AM
10	Christopher Wade	8/31/2020 7:52 AM
11	Brian Verhougstraete	8/28/2020 10:33 AM
12	JD Farley	8/27/2020 11:14 AM
13	Michael Williams	8/26/2020 9:30 AM
14	Donald Gilbert	8/26/2020 9:12 AM
15	Mike McConville	8/26/2020 8:08 AM
16	Dawn Wall	8/25/2020 5:53 PM
17	Tim Creger	8/25/2020 5:15 PM
18	Michael Ledlow	8/25/2020 5:03 PM
19	Jack Peterson	8/25/2020 3:43 PM
20	Tony Cofer	8/25/2020 3:25 PM
21	Rob Hofstetter	8/25/2020 2:56 PM

#	AGENCY	DATE
1	Illinois Dept. of Agriculture	9/8/2020 9:15 AM
2	WI Dept. of Agriculture, Trade and Consumer Protection	9/4/2020 1:10 PM
3	Minnesota Department of Agriculture	9/4/2020 12:29 PM
4	Georgia Department of Agriculture	9/3/2020 4:28 PM
5	Office of Indiana state Chemist	9/3/2020 10:17 AM
6	Ohio Dept of Ag	9/2/2020 3:22 PM
7	Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services	9/1/2020 4:11 PM
8	NC Dept. of Ag. & Consumer Services	8/31/2020 12:09 PM
9	Oklahoma Department of Agriculture, Food, and Forestry	8/31/2020 11:24 AM
10	Delaware Department of Ag.	8/31/2020 7:52 AM
11	MDARD	8/28/2020 10:33 AM
12	SD Dept of Ag	8/27/2020 11:14 AM
13	Kentucky Department of Agriculture	8/26/2020 9:30 AM
14	PA Dept of Agriculture	8/26/2020 9:12 AM
15	NJDEP	8/26/2020 8:08 AM
16	Missouri Department of Ag	8/25/2020 5:53 PM
17	Nebraska Department of Agriculture	8/25/2020 5:15 PM
18	Mississippi Dept of Ag	8/25/2020 5:03 PM
19	Alabama Dept. of Ag and Industries	8/25/2020 3:25 PM
20	MD Dept. of Ag, Pesticide Regulation	8/25/2020 2:56 PM
#	ADDRESS	DATE
	There are no responses.	
#	ADDRESS 2	DATE
	There are no responses.	
#	CITY/TOWN	DATE
	There are no responses.	

#	STATE/PROVINCE	DATE
1	IL	9/8/2020 9:15 AM
2	WI	9/4/2020 1:10 PM
3	Minnesota	9/4/2020 12:29 PM
4	GA	9/3/2020 4:28 PM
5	IN	9/3/2020 10:17 AM
6	Ohio	9/2/2020 3:22 PM
7	Virginia	9/1/2020 4:11 PM
8	NC	8/31/2020 12:09 PM
9	OKLAHOMA	8/31/2020 11:24 AM
10	DE	8/31/2020 7:52 AM
11	Michigan	8/28/2020 10:33 AM
12	SD	8/27/2020 11:14 AM
13	Kentucky	8/26/2020 9:30 AM
14	PA	8/26/2020 9:12 AM
15	NJ	8/26/2020 8:08 AM
16	Mo	8/25/2020 5:53 PM
17	Nebraska	8/25/2020 5:15 PM
18	MS	8/25/2020 5:03 PM
19	Arizona	8/25/2020 3:43 PM
20	AL	8/25/2020 3:25 PM
21	MD	8/25/2020 2:56 PM
#	ZIP/POSTAL CODE	DATE
	There are no responses.	
#	COUNTRY	DATE
	There are no responses.	

#	EMAIL ADDRESS	DATE
1	doug.owens@illinois.gov	9/8/2020 9:15 AM
2	alyssa.foss@wisconsin.gov	9/4/2020 1:10 PM
3	joshua.stamper@state.mn.us	9/4/2020 12:29 PM
4	jwren333@gmail.com	9/3/2020 4:28 PM
5	scottde@purdue.edu	9/3/2020 10:17 AM
6	ryan.king@agri.ohio.gov	9/2/2020 3:22 PM
7	liza.fleeson@vdacs.virginia.gov	9/1/2020 4:11 PM
8	patrick.jones@ncagr.gov	8/31/2020 12:09 PM
9	damardray.williams@ag.ok.gov	8/31/2020 11:24 AM
10	Christopher.wade@delaware.gov	8/31/2020 7:52 AM
11	verhougstraeteb@michigan.gov	8/28/2020 10:33 AM
12	joseph.farley@state.sd.us	8/27/2020 11:14 AM
13	Michael.R.Williams@ky.gov	8/26/2020 9:30 AM
14	dgilbert@pa.gov	8/26/2020 9:12 AM
15	Mike.McConville@dep.nj.gov	8/26/2020 8:08 AM
16	Dawn.Wall@mda.mo.gov	8/25/2020 5:53 PM
17	tim.creger@nebraska.gov	8/25/2020 5:15 PM
18	Michael1@mdac.ms.gov	8/25/2020 5:03 PM
19	jpeter@azda.gov	8/25/2020 3:43 PM
20	tony.cofer@agi.alabama.gov	8/25/2020 3:25 PM
21	rob.hofstetter@maryland.gov	8/25/2020 2:56 PM

#	PHONE NUMBER	DATE
1	217-785-2850	9/8/2020 9:15 AM
2	608-224-4547	9/4/2020 1:10 PM
3	651-398-2488	9/4/2020 12:29 PM
4	4047836990	9/3/2020 4:28 PM
5	7654131242	9/3/2020 10:17 AM
6	614-728-6394	9/2/2020 3:22 PM
7	804-371-6559	9/1/2020 4:11 PM
8	336 496 7106	8/31/2020 12:09 PM
9	(405) 522-5981	8/31/2020 11:24 AM
10	302-698-4570	8/31/2020 7:52 AM
11	517-582-4573	8/28/2020 10:33 AM
12	605.773.4432	8/27/2020 11:14 AM
13	502-782-9240	8/26/2020 9:30 AM
14	717-772-5214	8/26/2020 9:12 AM
15	609-984-6513	8/26/2020 8:08 AM
16	(573) 751-5510	8/25/2020 5:53 PM
17	402-471-6882	8/25/2020 5:15 PM
18	6625717899	8/25/2020 5:03 PM
19	6025423575	8/25/2020 3:43 PM
20	3342407237	8/25/2020 3:25 PM
21	410-841-5710	8/25/2020 2:56 PM

Q2 Number of reported dicamba incidents (probable and confirmed).

Answered: 21 Skipped: 0

#	RESPONSES	DATE
1	151	9/8/2020 9:15 AM
2	1- probable	9/4/2020 1:10 PM
3	116	9/4/2020 12:29 PM
4	0	9/3/2020 4:28 PM
5	73	9/3/2020 10:17 AM
6	15	9/2/2020 3:22 PM
7	1	9/1/2020 4:11 PM
8	0	8/31/2020 12:09 PM
9	2	8/31/2020 11:24 AM
10	0	8/31/2020 7:52 AM
11	12	8/28/2020 10:33 AM
12	17	8/27/2020 11:14 AM
13	4	8/26/2020 9:30 AM
14	2	8/26/2020 9:12 AM
15	none	8/26/2020 8:08 AM
16	102	8/25/2020 5:53 PM
17	63	8/25/2020 5:15 PM
18	3	8/25/2020 5:03 PM
19	0	8/25/2020 3:43 PM
20	2	8/25/2020 3:25 PM
21	0	8/25/2020 2:56 PM

Q3 Please include additional details for Q2 in the comment box.

Answered: 16 Skipped: 5

#	RESPONSES	DATE
1	Illinois has received 151 pesticide misuse complaints. 45 investigations are complete and under evaluation by enforcement staff.	9/8/2020 9:15 AM
2	NA	9/4/2020 1:10 PM
3	• Of the 116 complaints; 62 have asked for investigations and 54 have not • All of the investigations are still ongoing; allegations have not been substantiated	9/4/2020 12:29 PM
4	N/A	9/3/2020 4:28 PM
5	15 total alleged complaints	9/2/2020 3:22 PM
6	Complaint alleging damage to trees and shrubs on residential property from application of Engenia Herbicide, EPA Reg. No. 7969-345, and Roundup PowerMax II Herbicide, EPA Reg. No. 524-537 to control weeds on neighboring cotton field.	9/1/2020 4:11 PM
7	n/a	8/31/2020 12:09 PM
8	No additional details	8/31/2020 11:24 AM
9	N/A	8/31/2020 7:52 AM
10	We are hearing that there is A LOT more damage that is not being reported. We are considering a process for reporting damage without making an official complaint in order to get a better understanding of how large this issue is.	8/28/2020 10:33 AM
11	17 alleged dicamba cases reported. Investigations are still on going, and pending sample results to confirm dicamba.	8/27/2020 11:14 AM
12	2 complaints filed for damage to non DT soybeans, other 2 for damage to tobacco	8/26/2020 9:30 AM
13	Two incidents reported from 2017 to present (8/26/20). Both occurred in August 2019.	8/26/2020 9:12 AM
14	NA	8/26/2020 8:08 AM
15	18 CASES WERE REPORTS OF DAMAGE ONLY, NOT INVESTIGATED. 15 CASES WERE DETERMINED TO BE MINOR LEAF CUPPING AND NOT INVESTIGATED. 30 CASES ARE UNDER INVESTIGATION.	8/25/2020 5:15 PM
16	Engenia drift to homeowner site and the other to hemp	8/25/2020 3:25 PM

Q4 Estimated acres impacted (soybeans or cotton).

Answered: 19 Skipped: 2

#	RESPONSES	DATE
1	10,000	9/8/2020 9:15 AM
2	45 acres- soybeans	9/4/2020 1:10 PM
3	9,371 acres of soybeans	9/4/2020 12:29 PM
4	N/A	9/3/2020 4:28 PM
5	unknown	9/3/2020 10:17 AM
6	Unknown	9/2/2020 3:22 PM
7	Unknown number of trees or shrubs.	9/1/2020 4:11 PM
8	0	8/31/2020 12:09 PM
9	NA	8/31/2020 11:24 AM
10	0	8/31/2020 7:52 AM
11	200	8/28/2020 10:33 AM
12	unknown	8/27/2020 11:14 AM
13	250	8/26/2020 9:30 AM
14	Unknown	8/26/2020 9:12 AM
15	unknown - none reported at this time in NJ	8/26/2020 8:08 AM
16	over 20,000 acres	8/25/2020 5:53 PM
17	DATA NOT COLLECTED, ESTIMATED AT OVER 10,000 ACRES OF SOYBEANS	8/25/2020 5:15 PM
18	140	8/25/2020 5:03 PM
19	N/A	8/25/2020 3:25 PM

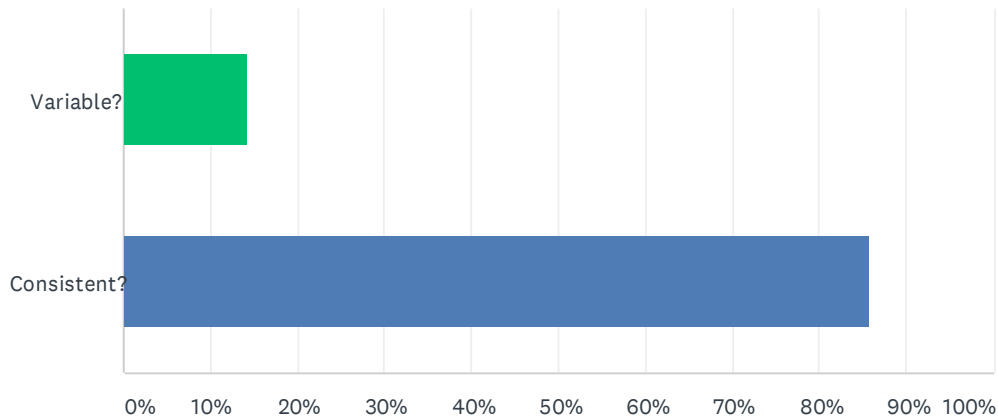
Q5 Please include additional details for Q4 in the comment box below.

Answered: 14 Skipped: 7

#	RESPONSES	DATE
1	No additional comments	9/8/2020 9:15 AM
2	NA	9/4/2020 1:10 PM
3	• This count includes other crops then soybeans • This number is gained from what is reported to the Minnesota Department of Agriculture by the complainant, MDA does not confirm total number of Acres damaged in our investigations	9/4/2020 12:29 PM
4	N/A	9/3/2020 4:28 PM
5	NA	9/1/2020 4:11 PM
6	n/a	8/31/2020 12:09 PM
7	No additional details	8/31/2020 11:24 AM
8	n/a	8/31/2020 7:52 AM
9	Unknown at this time how many acres are impacted	8/27/2020 11:14 AM
10	10 acres of burley with damage	8/26/2020 9:30 AM
11	None	8/26/2020 9:12 AM
12	NA	8/26/2020 8:08 AM
13	INSPECTORS, CROP ADVISORS, APPLICATORS AND UNIVERSITY CROP SPECIALISTS AGREE THAT THE DEGREE OF SOYBEAN LEAF CUPPING WAS AS BAD OR WORSE THAN IN ANY OF THE LAST FOUR YEARS, HOWEVER, GROWERS ARE NOT REPORTING CLAIMS BECAUSE OF A LACK OF RESPONSE FROM REGISTRANTS OR THE REGULATORY AGENCIES.	8/25/2020 5:15 PM
14	N/A	8/25/2020 3:25 PM

Q6 Would you characterize the signs of injury/symptoms on impacted soybeans or cotton as:

Answered: 14 Skipped: 7



ANSWER CHOICES	RESPONSES
Variable?	14.29% 2
Consistent?	85.71% 12
TOTAL	14

#	COMMENTS:	DATE
1	Consistent light cupping of soybean leaves	9/8/2020 9:15 AM
2	• Consistent with known symptomology of dicamba damage. • Cases are variable in the distribution of damage on the landscape in terms of acres affected and whether they show patterns of drift, volatility, or inversion.	9/4/2020 12:29 PM
3	N/A	9/3/2020 4:28 PM
4	Observed symptoms to soybeans all appeared the same, regardless of intensity or percent of field impacted.	9/3/2020 10:17 AM
5	Reports appear to indicate that entire fields are affected, possible volatility.	9/2/2020 3:22 PM
6	No injury/symptoms to soybeans or cotton. Curling leaves consistent on impacted trees and shrubs.	9/1/2020 4:11 PM
7	N/A	8/31/2020 12:09 PM
8	No additional comments	8/31/2020 11:24 AM
9	Damage seems to mostly be variable and not consistent with drift.	8/28/2020 10:33 AM
10	Consistent with typical symptoms of leaf curl in new growth	8/26/2020 9:30 AM
11	None	8/26/2020 9:12 AM
12	NA	8/26/2020 8:08 AM
13	EXPERIENCES IN 2020 ARE SIMILAR TO PREVIOUS YEARS WHERE MOST FIELDS HAVE CONSISTENT LEAF CUPPING SYMPTOMS ACROSS THE FIELD, BUT ONLY THE WORST CASES THAT HAVE CLEARER PATTERNS ARE INVESTIGATED.	8/25/2020 5:15 PM
14	N/A	8/25/2020 3:25 PM

**Q7 Number of reported dicamba incidents (probable and confirmed) that impact or injure a high value or specialty crop other than soybeans?
Additional details (please include damage estimates to high value crops if possible).**

Answered: 18 Skipped: 3

#	RESPONSES	DATE
1	None verified.	9/8/2020 9:15 AM
2	No reported incidents	9/4/2020 1:10 PM
3	• 1-Forbs, Vegetables-1, Apple Trees-1, Ornamentals-1, Maple Trees-1, Corn-1, Garden-1, Grapes-1	9/4/2020 12:29 PM
4	0	9/3/2020 4:28 PM
5	Only one confirmed garden exposure. the rest were soybeans.	9/3/2020 10:17 AM
6	1 complaint from a vineyard.	9/2/2020 3:22 PM
7	NA	9/1/2020 4:11 PM
8	0	8/31/2020 12:09 PM
9	None	8/31/2020 11:24 AM
10	0	8/31/2020 7:52 AM
11	None	8/28/2020 10:33 AM
12	0	8/27/2020 11:14 AM
13	2 claims impacting tobacco, estimated value at \$40-\$50,000	8/26/2020 9:30 AM
14	None	8/26/2020 9:12 AM
15	NA	8/26/2020 8:08 AM
16	TWO CLAIMS INVOLVED IMPACTS ON ORGANIC SOYBEANS, WHICH ARE A CONSIDERED SPECIALTY CROP IN OUR STATE.	8/25/2020 5:15 PM
17	none	8/25/2020 5:03 PM
18	Hemp- Unknown could be up to \$150,000	8/25/2020 3:25 PM

Q8 Number of reported dicamba incidents (probable and confirmed) that impact or injure a plant/animal/person/site /woody vegetation other than soybeans. Please include additional details as relevant.

Answered: 19 Skipped: 2

#	RESPONSES	DATE
1	Over several years, statewide there have been reports of a decrease in tree health. Pesticide drift has been alleged as a contributing factor (dicamba and 2,4-D have been specifically pointed to). The pesticide misuse investigation process is not equipped to deal with such chronic issues as it is designed to associate specific damage with a particular application within a specific application season.	9/8/2020 9:15 AM
2	No reported incidents	9/4/2020 1:10 PM
3	See Response to question 7.	9/4/2020 12:29 PM
4	0	9/3/2020 4:28 PM
5	1	9/3/2020 10:17 AM
6	None.	9/2/2020 3:22 PM
7	1 (see above)	9/1/2020 4:11 PM
8	0	8/31/2020 12:09 PM
9	None	8/31/2020 11:24 AM
10	0	8/31/2020 7:52 AM
11	none	8/28/2020 10:33 AM
12	0	8/27/2020 11:14 AM
13	NA	8/26/2020 9:30 AM
14	None	8/26/2020 9:12 AM
15	NA	8/26/2020 8:08 AM
16	0	8/25/2020 5:53 PM
17	THREE CLAIMS INVOLVE IMPACTS ON DECIDUOUS TREES.	8/25/2020 5:15 PM
18	1	8/25/2020 5:03 PM
19	1 homeowner site-garden and ornamentals	8/25/2020 3:25 PM

Q9 Number of reported dicamba incidents (probable and confirmed) that impact water quality and/or ESA. Please include additional details in the comment box.

Answered: 19 Skipped: 2

#	RESPONSES	DATE
1	None known.	9/8/2020 9:15 AM
2	No reported incidents	9/4/2020 1:10 PM
3	1) No direct water quality impact complaints. 2) One complaint listed waterway between the target field and the damaged field while, 23 listed ditches between the target field and the damaged field. Chemicals can take longtime to appear in groundwater. In 2019, dicamba was detected in 2 of 222 groundwater samples at maximum concentration of 228 ng/L. Dicamba detection frequency and maximum concentration increased from 2015 to 2019 in surface water samples. In 2019, dicamba was detected in 97 of 380 surface water samples (detection frequency 26%) at maximum concentration of 9580 ng/L (15.7% of USEPA lowest aquatic life benchmark).	9/4/2020 12:29 PM
4	0	9/3/2020 4:28 PM
5	0	9/3/2020 10:17 AM
6	None	9/2/2020 3:22 PM
7	NA	9/1/2020 4:11 PM
8	0	8/31/2020 12:09 PM
9	None	8/31/2020 11:24 AM
10	0	8/31/2020 7:52 AM
11	None	8/28/2020 10:33 AM
12	0	8/27/2020 11:14 AM
13	NA	8/26/2020 9:30 AM
14	None	8/26/2020 9:12 AM
15	NA	8/26/2020 8:08 AM
16	0	8/25/2020 5:53 PM
17	NO CLAIMS INVOLVE EITHER WATER QUALITY OR ESA CLAIMS.	8/25/2020 5:15 PM
18	0	8/25/2020 5:03 PM
19	0	8/25/2020 3:25 PM

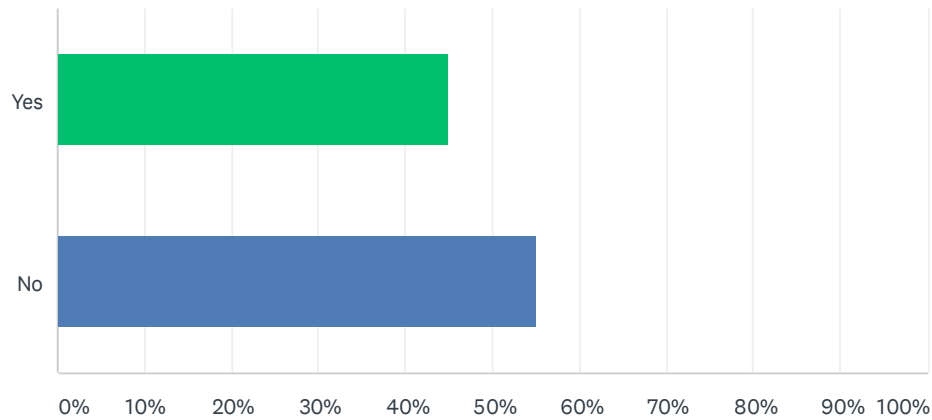
Q10 Estimated total cost of your 2020 dicamba investigations, including staff time, travel, lab analysis and enforcement. Please include additional details in the comment box.

Answered: 18 Skipped: 3

#	RESPONSES	DATE
1	Estimated cost \$125,000	9/8/2020 9:15 AM
2	Estimated \$1200	9/4/2020 1:10 PM
3	Inspection staff: To date ~\$55,0000 assuming 1/3 of the way through total 55,000x3= \$165,0000 Lab \$26,520 NonPoint \$1000 Enforcement 52 hrs x 30 (assuming about ½ of the investigations go to enforcement) = 1560 hrs ~\$105,000 Management (Joshua, Roger, Stephanie) assuming about 30 hours a piece ~\$6000 Total expenses for investigations regarding dicamba are estimated at \$303,000	9/4/2020 12:29 PM
4	\$0	9/3/2020 4:28 PM
5	35% of our total annual pesticide enforcement budget.	9/3/2020 10:17 AM
6	Unknown at this time. Still processing cases.	9/2/2020 3:22 PM
7	Investigation is not yet complete. Estimate not available.	9/1/2020 4:11 PM
8	n/a	8/31/2020 12:09 PM
9	N/A	8/31/2020 11:24 AM
10	0	8/31/2020 7:52 AM
11	Not able to calculate at this time as all the investigations are still active/open.	8/28/2020 10:33 AM
12	\$80,000 estimated. This number will more than likely increase due to investigations still ongoing at this time.	8/27/2020 11:14 AM
13	NA	8/26/2020 9:30 AM
14	Unknown	8/26/2020 9:12 AM
15	NA	8/26/2020 8:08 AM
16	ESTIMATED 1,000 WORK HOURS AT \$25/HR = \$25,000 PLUS LAB COSTS OF APPROXIMATELY \$10,000.	8/25/2020 5:15 PM
17	5000	8/25/2020 5:03 PM
18	\$2,000	8/25/2020 3:25 PM

Q11 Have you implemented any state restrictions or program efforts related to OTT use of dicamba products?

Answered: 20 Skipped: 1

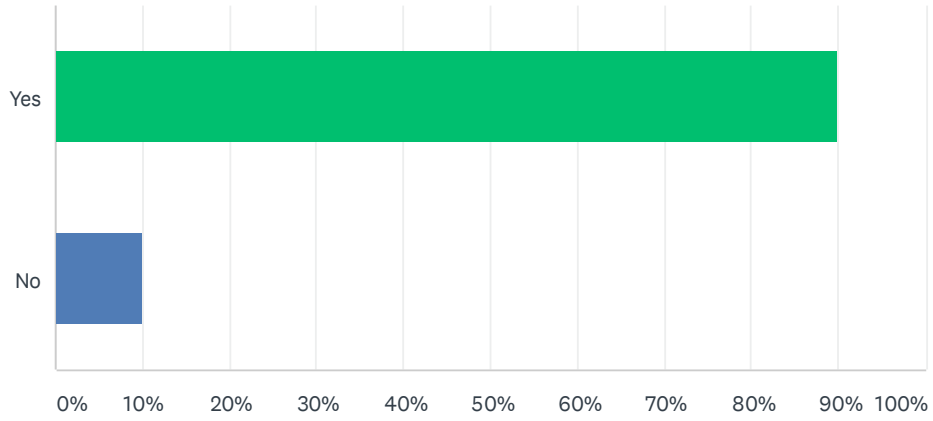


ANSWER CHOICES	RESPONSES
Yes	45.00% 9
No	55.00% 11
TOTAL	20

#	COMMENTS	DATE
1	Illinois had a 24 (c) SLN label for the four dicamba products in 2020. The major restrictions were a June 25, 2020 cutoff date and an 85 degree high temperature do not apply restriction.	9/8/2020 9:15 AM
2	June 20th Application cutoff date through a 24c SLN label	9/4/2020 12:29 PM
3	24c registration to require specified training program completion	9/3/2020 4:28 PM
4	June 20, 2020 application cutoff date. Reduced number of dicamba off-target movement complaints in 2020 as compared to average annual complaints in 2017-2019 as follows: -2017 thru 2019... 246 avg. annual ground drift complaints...159 avg. annual dicamba complaints (64%) -2020...188 ground drift complaints...72 dicamba complaints (38%) -Reduced 2020 dicamba complaints by 45% from previous three year average. -72 dicamba	9/3/2020 10:17 AM
5	We updated our website to include the most current information. We also sent out an update sheet to applicators.	9/2/2020 3:22 PM
6	SLN labels for mandatory in-person training conducted by NCSU Weed Scientists	8/31/2020 12:09 PM
7	No additional comments	8/31/2020 11:24 AM
8	SD implemented a June 30th cut off date	8/27/2020 11:14 AM
9	Prior to Ninth Circuit Court ruling, restricted to 45 days after planting.	8/26/2020 9:30 AM

Q12 Have any of these shown to be effective in mitigating off target movement or reports of off target movement?

Answered: 10 Skipped: 11



ANSWER CHOICES	RESPONSES	
Yes	90.00%	9
No	10.00%	1
TOTAL		10

#	COMMENTS	DATE
1	We believe so. In 2019, Illinois received 723 dicamba related complaints. With the new restrictions (earlier cutoff date and the temperature restriction) in 2020, our complaints were down to 151.	9/8/2020 9:15 AM
2	NA	9/4/2020 1:10 PM
3	The June 20th cut-off date is based on the MDA's ongoing investigations and informal surveys into reports of crop damage from alleged dicamba off-target movement over the past three growing seasons. In 2017, the MDA received 253 reports of alleged dicamba drift; 55 of those were formal complaints requesting investigations. Those reports impacted an estimated 265,000 acres. After state restrictions were put in place for the 2018 growing season, the number of complaints dropped dramatically to 53 reports, of which 29 were formal complaints that were investigated. Just over 1,800 acres were impacted in 2018.	9/4/2020 12:29 PM
4	2020 as compared to average annual complaints in 2017-2019 as follows: -2017 thru 2019... 246 avg. annual ground drift complaints...159 avg. annual dicamba complaints (64%) -2020...188 ground drift complaints...72 dicamba complaints (38%) -Reduced 2020 dicamba complaints by 45% from previous three year average.	9/3/2020 10:17 AM
5	Overall our complaints are down, but that may be due to the fact that the products are no longer registered.	9/2/2020 3:22 PM
6	NA	9/1/2020 4:11 PM
7	N/A	8/31/2020 11:24 AM
8	n/a	8/31/2020 7:52 AM
9	Since the SDDA has issued a cut off date of June 30th, there has been less investigations reported to the SDDA, however, the SDDA is aware of issues not being reported to the SDDA.	8/27/2020 11:14 AM
10	NA	8/26/2020 9:12 AM
11	NA	8/26/2020 8:08 AM
12	NO STATE RESTRICTIONS WERE IMPLEMENTED.	8/25/2020 5:15 PM
13	N/A	8/25/2020 3:25 PM

Q13 What label language do you find most problematic? Insert language here along with potential fix.

Answered: 11 Skipped: 10

#	RESPONSES	DATE
1	At the time of survey completion- WI does not find label language to be problematic	9/4/2020 1:10 PM
2	<p>1. The tight window of application within winds of 3 mph to 10 mph. The language is also not consistent in example, the Engenia label that notes the reading should be at boom height, but boom height is then not specified in other sections of the label: - Record Keeping Requirements "Wind Speed and Direction: the wind speed at boom height..." - Wind Speed and Direction Requirements "Wind Speed -3 to 10 mph" - Use Restrictions "DO NOT apply Engenia if wind speed is less than 3 mph or greater than 10 mph." Wind speed requirements are more difficult to enforce based on the lack of real time site weather information for MDA to collect. Weather information collected is usually also not at boom height. There are parts of the state where it would be very difficult to make full applications within that window of wind speed. Applicators need to seriously take that into consider with their cropping plans. The ability of applicators to comply with wind speed requirements (narrow range makes non-compliance a foregone result) PFMD Staff Recommendations: Wind speed label language should be consistent in a label (re: at boom height), guidance documents, and training. This year it seems applicators placed much greater emphasis on the application cut-off date verses attention to wind speed restrictions. 2. Applicators are required to check Endangered Species Protection Bulletins prior to an application to determine if pesticide use is limited in the geographic area of application. The 2020 XtendiMax application record keeping form includes this requirement but does not include an associated check box or other indicator for an applicator to note they completed this requirement. This requires additional follow-up by regulators to determine how and if this requirement was met, including whether any additional required buffers were maintained. The record keeping requirements listed in the XtendiMax label also do not include the Endangered Species requirement, so an applicator may think it's more optional. The records provided by the registrant should include this requirement (not all of the products do) and an area of confirmation the applicator has completed it. 3. There is too much room for error of the buffer language regarding sensitive species, and how it plays out in fields. Confusion by applicators over buffer requirements when sensitive areas are present ("I can still spray as long as I have a buffer, right?") Language and requirements should be simplified. 4. Inversion language. Products are especially prone to volatility. Enforceability of inversion language is impossible. Formulations need to be modified. The high number of problems experienced can't be solved through labeling.</p>	9/4/2020 12:29 PM
3	<p>1. Documenting planting date, which is insignificant relative to your neighbor's planting date. Set a regionally flexible application cut-off date. 2. Documenting drift (illegal) vs. volatility (legal). Make all off-target movement resulting in an adverse effect illegal. 3. Documenting buffer compliance. Make off-target movement to sensitive/protected crops/areas illegal. 4. Determining what is meant by adjacent relative to sensitive/protected crop or area. Pick a distance to take the guess work out of it, but make failure to comply with the restriction illegal only if off-target movement to that crop/area is documented, sort of a combination design standard plus performance standard. -</p>	9/3/2020 10:17 AM
4	No response.	9/2/2020 3:22 PM
5	Given the small number of cases, unable to identify the most problematic label language. Defer to AAPCO SFIREG Dicamba Guidance document.	9/1/2020 4:11 PM
6	Downwind restrictions for specialty crops - Applications should not be allowed near specialty crops regardless of wind direction...	8/31/2020 12:09 PM
7	None	8/31/2020 11:24 AM
8	Language related to off-target movement and volatilization of product	8/26/2020 9:30 AM
9	NA	8/26/2020 8:08 AM
10	NON-APPLICATION ASPECTS OF RECORD KEEPING ARE IMPOSSIBLE TO COMPLY WITH, SUCH AS SENSITIVE SITE SURVEY AND NOTIFICATION, BUFFER CALCULATION, RECEIPTS OF PURCHASE FOR COMMERCIAL APPLICATION, AIR TEMPERATURE. APPLICATION STANDARDS THAT ARE NOT PART OF RECORD KEEPING ARE IMPOSSIBLE TO PROVE, SUCH AS BOOM HEIGHT, SPRAY PRESSURE, GROUND SPEED, ETC. REQUIRING APPLICATOR TRAINING WITHOUT ESTABLISHING A NATIONAL TRAINING STANDARD RESULTS IN QUESTIONABLE CONSISTENCY.	8/25/2020 5:15 PM
11	Nothing	8/25/2020 5:03 PM

Q14 Can you estimate the rate of adoption of the planting of dicamba tolerant crops in your state (percentage of acres and crop or total acreage and crop?)

Answered: 18 Skipped: 3

#	RESPONSES	DATE
1	Estimate 60 percent DT.	9/8/2020 9:15 AM
2	Estimated range of 40 to 60%	9/4/2020 1:10 PM
3	Low-moderate confidence of between 60-70% of acres at DT beans.	9/4/2020 12:29 PM
4	Cotton is probably 90%. Soybean is roughly 75%.	9/3/2020 4:28 PM
5	unknown	9/3/2020 10:17 AM
6	Unknown	9/2/2020 3:22 PM
7	Unknown.	9/1/2020 4:11 PM
8	62% of Soybeans and 56% of cotton acreage	8/31/2020 12:09 PM
9	Uknown	8/31/2020 11:24 AM
10	25-35%	8/31/2020 7:52 AM
11	Estimate that 60-75% of SB acres are planted to DT varieties	8/26/2020 9:30 AM
12	Unknown	8/26/2020 9:12 AM
13	NA	8/26/2020 8:08 AM
14	STATE AGENCY CANNOT ESTIMATE THIS NUMBER, BUT THE STATE UNIVERSITY HAS TRIED, AND ESTIMATES BETWEEN 60 TO 70% OF SOYBEAN ACRES ARE DICAMBA TOLERANT IN 2020. ALL CORN IS DICAMBA TOLERANT, SO 100% OF THAT CROP, BUT THE REAL QUESTION IS HOW MANY ACRES OF ROW CROPS WERE TREATED WITH DICAMBA, AND THAT ANSWER MAY BE AS HIGH AS 50% OF ALL ROW CROP ACRES WERE TREATED IN A THREE TO FOUR WEEK PERIOD.	8/25/2020 5:15 PM
15	90%	8/25/2020 5:03 PM
16	I am checking with the UofA and will respond with what I find out.	8/25/2020 3:43 PM
17	Cotton = 510,000 – 530,000 acres with 85% adoption Soybeans = 325,000 – 375,000 acres with 85% adoption	8/25/2020 3:25 PM
18	60+ Soybeans	8/25/2020 2:56 PM